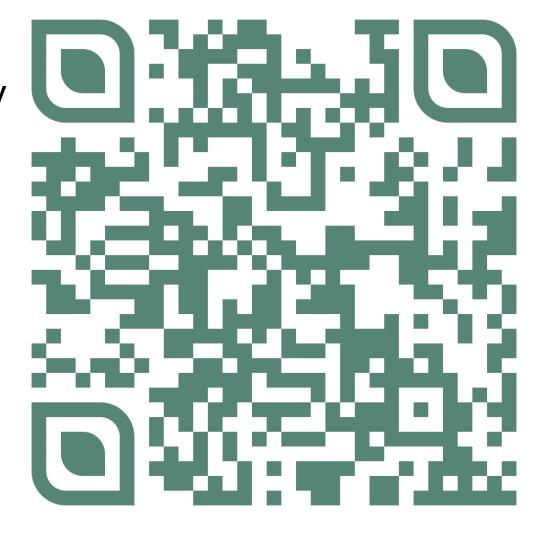
Inspiring Impactful Philanthropy

Agenda & Presentation Links

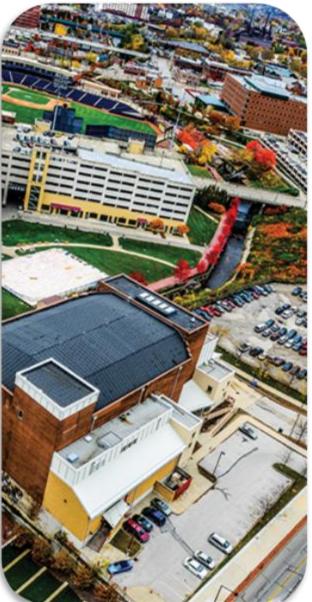


















John Garofalo
Vice President,
Community Investment

Akron Community Foundation





Inspiring Impactful Philanthropy

Akron Community Foundation Nonprofit Insight Conference

March 13, 2025 | Presenter: Peter Fissinger





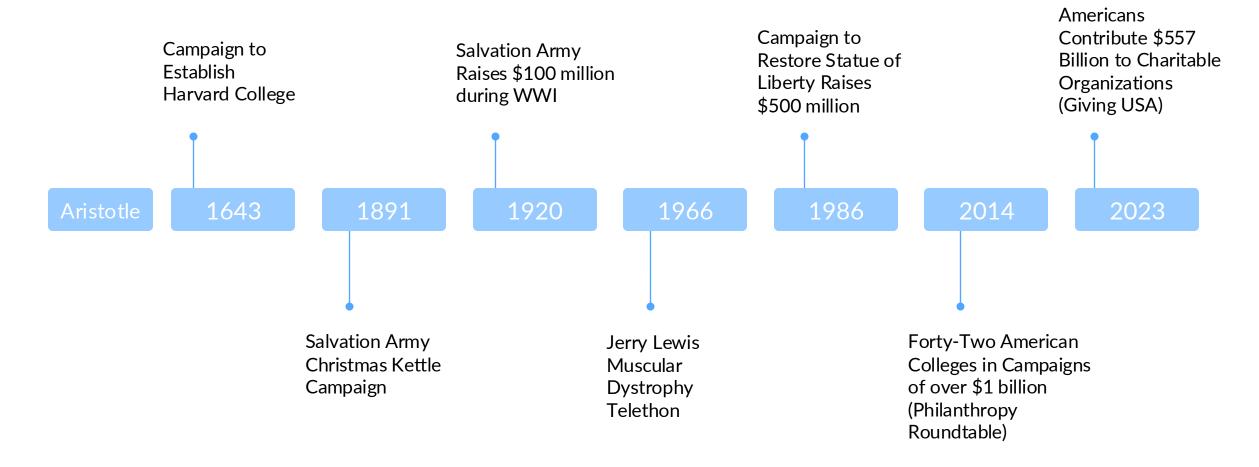
"To give away money is an easy matter, and in anyone's power. But to decide to who to give it, and how large and when, and for what purpose and how, is neither in everyone's power – nor an easy matter. Hence it is that such excellence is rare, praiseworthy and noble."

-Aristotle

Aristotle Also Believed:

- Generosity is a virtue
- Doing good for others is a joyous activity

Generosity is Not New





Also Not New:

People Seeking to Help Others, Make an Impact



Fundraising is about relationship building



Creating human connection



Convincing donors your organization is trustworthy and competent



Helping donors create change

Successful fundraising may require – but at its core is not:

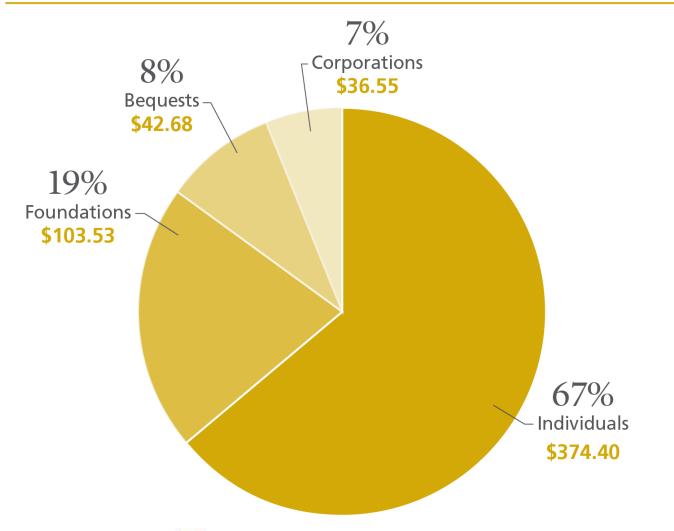
- Database management
- Wealth Screening
- Analytics/modeling
- Special Events
- Other (you name it)

Successful fundraising is about making a meaningful connection with donors and helping them accomplish something important to them.

2023 contributions: \$557.16 billion by source of contributions

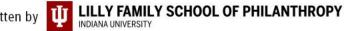
(in billions for dollars – all figures are rounded)





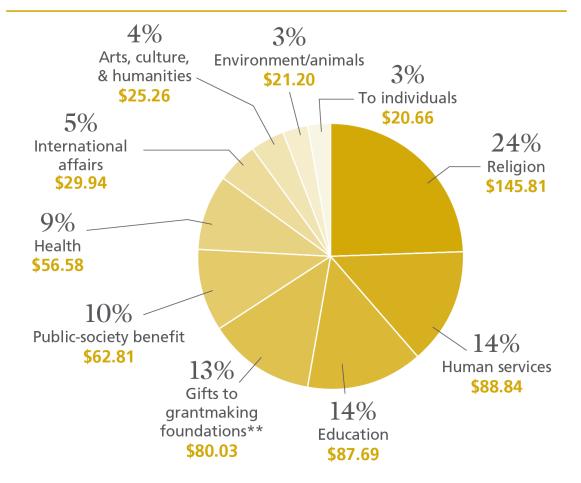






2023 contributions: \$557.16 billion by type of recipient organization*

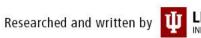
(in billions for dollars – all figures are rounded)



- * Total includes unallocated giving, defined as the difference between giving by source and recipient categories. Unallocated giving totaled -\$61.66 billion in 2023.
- ** Estimates developed by Indiana University Lilly Family School of Philanthropy using data provided by Candid.





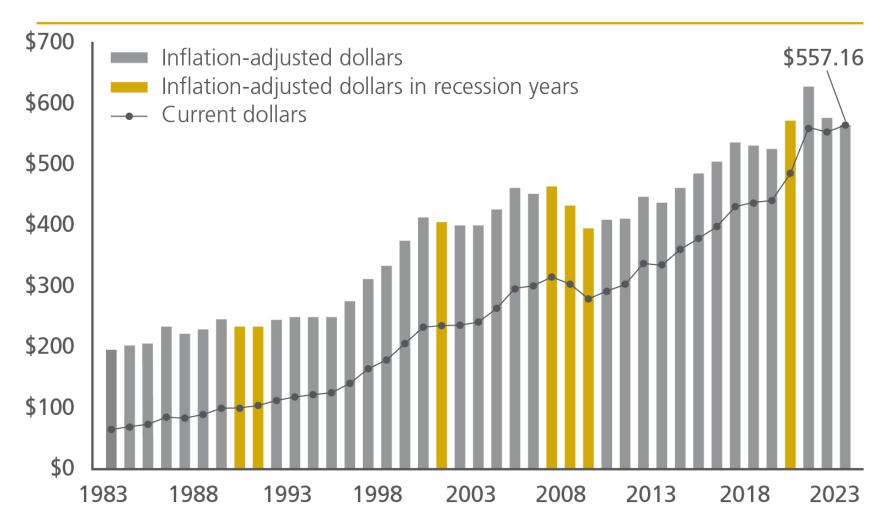




Total giving, 1983–2023

(in billions of dollars)







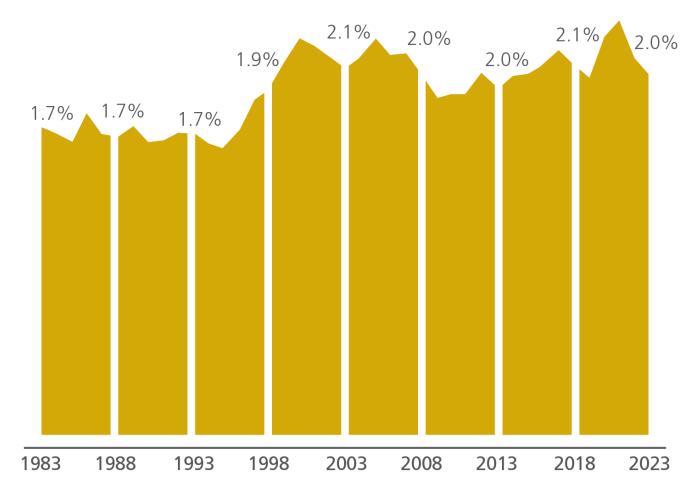




Total giving as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product, 1983–2023

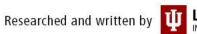
(in current dollars)











Individual giving as a share of disposable personal income, 1983–2023



(in current dollars)



1983 1988 1993 1998 2003 2008 2013 2018 2023

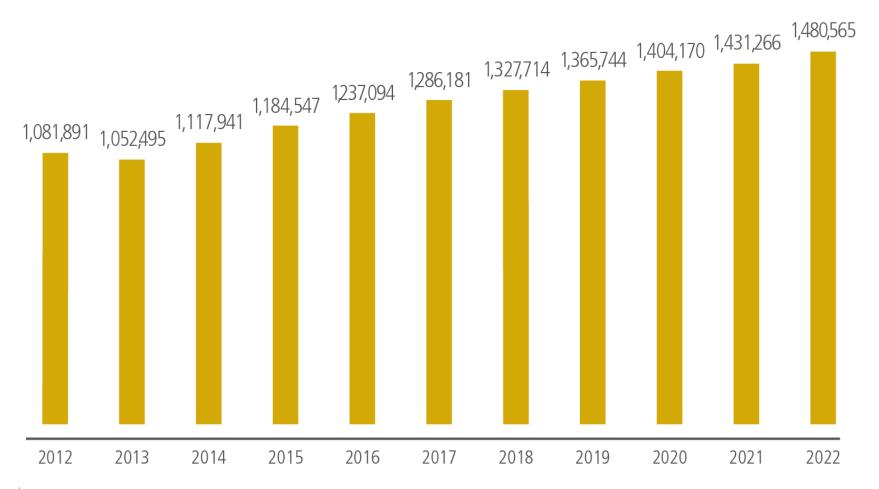






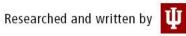
The number of 501(c)(3) organizations, 2012–2022











Results from Generosity Commission

- Commission was created in 2021 to look at emerging trends of giving
- Research commissioned, comprehensive outreach overseen by national communications firm, report issued in Fall 2024



Key Findings

- While giving and volunteering continues to increase in the aggregate, the number of people giving and volunteering is dropping
- In giving, this trend is known as "dollars up, donors down"
- 20 million households dropped out of giving between 2010-2016
- Households participating in giving in 2008 was 65.4%
- Households participating in giving in 2018 was 49.6%

- Volunteerism hit 15 year low of 24.9% in 2015
- Generosity Commission speculates these trends indicate a rise in social isolation and decline in social trust
- Giving is known to deepen social connection
- Giving increases likelihood one will join a community group by 10%
- Volunteering increases likelihood of joining a community group by 24.4%



How to Inspire Impactful Philanthropy in Today's World



Build Your Audience

- Email list
- Social media
- Community building events
- Engage volunteers



Create a Culture Focused on Positivity, Impact and Accountability

- Case messaging
- CEO messaging
- Staff messaging to all those with whom they interact
- All interactions with those whom your institution serves
- Positioning in the community



Execute a Comprehensive Annual Giving Program

- Multi channel
- Use database to personalize
- Convey passion and impact
- Create giving clubs/societies
- Focus on retention and upgrading
- Identify major donor prospect list



Meet with Major Donor Prospects in Person – Ask Them to Step Up



Art of the Ask



Introduction

When considering how to ask someone for a major gift, it is important to understand there is no one right way. Because we are building authentic relationships, we must account for our own styles and the unique individual we are approaching for a gift. However, there are key fundamentals and best practices to be learned and used when asking people to consider a major gift to your non-profit organization. This section covers these key fundamentals.



Planning & Preparation





Planning & Preparation

Remember the definition of a major gift: requesting a gift that is far more than what the donor may consider as their annual gift. So this request is significant, and should be treated as such

Consider the donor prospect as an individual:

- Who are they?
- What do we know about why they have supported us?
- What is their family situation?
- What are their known philanthropic interests?
- Who in our organization knows them best?
- What do we plan to ask the donor to consider?

Create a written meeting strategy:

Information about the donor prospect:

- Name, address, etc.
- Professional information
- Giving history to your institution and other institutions (if available)
- Family background
- Summary of past conversations with the individual
- Key contacts at your institution
- Any other available information of import

Purpose of the meeting

What we are soliciting the person for?

- Specific initiative (if known)
- Amount
- Other (recognition offered, future stewardship, etc.)

Who will attend the meeting

If more than one attendee from your institution, the role each person will play

- Who will lead
- Who will solicit
- Other
- Review the strategy with those attending the meeting and achieve alignment on strategy





Setting the Appointment





Setting the Appointment

Remember the definition of a major gift: requesting a gift that is far more than what the donor may consider as their annual gift. So this request is significant, and should be treated as such

The import of scheduling meetings is often overlooked

- We want 45-60 minutes of the donor prospect's time
- We want it to be somewhere private
- We want to talk about (your institution) and its future

Request meeting via phone or e-mail

- Do not solicit over the phone
- Remember the "one favor" rule

Confirm the meeting one day in advance





The Meeting



(5 minutes)

The Opening

- 1 Thank the individual for their time
- 2 Let them know what you wish to discuss
 - Your institution
 - Plans for the future
 - How they may help and be involved

(15 minutes)

Engaging the Individual in Conversation

- We want the individual to share their involvement with your institution and other generosity they have shown
- We do not want to do all the talking in this meeting; this is a dialogue
- Listening is critical (whenever asking a question, be sure to stop talking)
- **4** Ask open ended questions
 - Tell me how you became involved with us
 - What do you most appreciate about the work we are doing?
 - What would you like to see us do in the future?
- 5 Ask close ended questions
 - So you are saying we are important to you because.....?
 - So you are telling us that is something you value?
 - So you believe.....?

(5-10 minutes)

Presentation of the Case

- Based on the conversation and the meeting strategy, present the case for supporting your organization
- Strong solicitors know the case well and can adapt their presentation based on what the individual shares in the meeting
- Make the case, using institutional case language and focusing on the aspect of you institution you want them to consider supporting

4 Ask questions

- Address questions/objections
 - Inform
 - Reflect
 - Deflect



The Ask

Have a prepared sentence or two (this makes it easier):

"I/we want to invite you to join us in investing in (your institution) by considering a gift of _____ to support _____."

2 | Stop talking and listen for response

The Ask

If Yes	If No	If "I Need to Think About it"
 Thank them Ask about pledge card, how they would like to fulfill the pledge Meeting is essentially over Report back to advancement: Next steps (get pledge card signed, etc.) Meeting debrief and call report Acknowledgement Thank you note from those attending the meeting (separate from acknowledgement) 	 Thank the individual for their consideration and any/all support they have offered Try to understand why they are not saying yes right now Timing Interest Other Ask how you might keep them engaged Thank you notes 	 Say "I understand" What does the individual need to make a decision More information? Discuss with family, advisors, others? Time to reflect? Agree on next steps More information to be provided, questions answered Meet again? Can we set a date?

Concluding Remarks



Always thank individuals for their time and consideration



Always follow through quickly and thoroughly



Many gifts will come from an initial "No" when following best practices. Every meeting is cultivation and learning. Face to face meetings are always valuable

What parts of this presentation resonated with you?

What questions do you have?

Wrap-up Discussion

Can you describe an especially compelling experience you have had either soliciting a major gift or being solicited for a major gift?

What more preparation do you need before starting a face-to face solicitation program?



FissingerFundraising.com

pjf@fissingerfundraising.com



Afternoon Breakout Sessions

Session A
Conference Room A
(Lower Level)



Amy Wong
Dot Org Solutions
Ten Ways to use AI other
than writing copy

Session B
Board Room
(Lower Level)



Brandyn Neal
Schauer Group (with Taylor
Schauer, Schauer Group)
Volunteers & Vulnerable
Populations

Session C
Ballroom
(Main Level)



Becky Wolfe
Becky Wolfe Consulting
Leading through Influence:
Discovering Your Voice
and Impact

Session D
Conference Room B
(Lower Level)



Laura Lederer
Akron Community
Foundation (with Cathy
Kemp, Akron Community
Foundation)
Donor Advised Funds 2.0Strategies for Nonprofit
Success

Agenda & Presentation Links





